

Let's talk about the facts:

- 1) FALSE: Doctors know the hepatitis B status of every single pregnant patient they have. FACT: Many people do not have access to prenatal care, and testing errors are common, making it impossible for us to know the hepatitis B status of every single mom. The hepatitis B birth dose is the only way to ensure that we can prevent mother-to-child transmission from the start.
- 2 FALSE: "If a woman doesn't have risk factors, if nobody at home has hepatitis, I don't see the benefit."
 - FACT: The data is very clear that risk-based vaccination is NOT effective at preventing new infections including among the most vulnerable. This is why we moved away from risk-based hepatitis B birth dose recommendation 30 years ago. Approximately 70% of people in the U.S. have undiagnosed chronic HBV, and we usually don't know if someone at home has the virus. In fact, 9,000 babies a year were infected before universal recommendations not due to mother to child transmission due to accidental exposure in infancy or childhood. Vaccinating every baby against hepatitis B, beginning at birth, protects them all.
- 3 FALSE: "Vaccines shouldn't be one size fits all."

 FACT: Universal hepatitis B vaccination works because of how infectious the virus is. Even a microscopic amount of exposure to the virus can lead to a lifelong infection. Changes to the well-established universal recommendation will also disrupt the current schedule, leading to confusion among parents and doctors alike, and will potentially disrupt manufacturing and access.
- 4 FALSE: "The risk of a baby dying of hepatitis B is 1 in 7 million."

 FACT: It is a fact that the hepatitis B virus leads to premature death. A baby infected with hepatitis B has up to a 40% chance of dying in the prime of their life from hep B related liver cancer or liver failure. The hepatitis B vaccine does not kill the virus does.
- 5 FALSE: "The vaccine was studied only for 4 days."

 FACT: With more than 1 billion doses of the hepatitis B vaccine given over the last 50 years, this is one of the most well-studied vaccines in history. The hepatitis B vaccine is safe for newborns, children and adults.

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