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BACK TO BASICS



300 million people worldwide are living with #hepatitisB and it is the most common serious liver infection. However, it is preventable.

To learn about prevention tips, click here:

https://www.hepb.org/preventionon-and-diagnosis/preventiontips/

#LiverCancer #LearntheLink



Keep in mind everything you eat, drink, breathe or absorb through your skin is eventually filtered by the liver. So, protect your liver and your health by eating plenty of fruits and veggies!

Learn more healthy liver tips here:

https://www.hepb.org/treatme nt-and-management/adultswith-hepatitis-b/healthy-livertips/

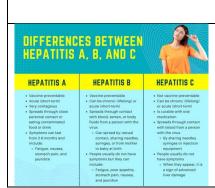
#LiverCancer #LearntheLink #hepB #HBV



Hepatitis B is a global public health threat and the world's most common serious liver infection. It is up to 100 times more infectious than the HIV/AIDS virus. It also is the primary cause of liver cancer, which is the second-leading cause of cancer deaths in the world.

Take a look at some more #hepB facts and figures here: https://www.hepb.org/what-is-hepatitis-b/what-is-hepb/facts-and-figures/

#LiverCancer #hepatitisB #LearntheLink









Do you know the differences between hepatitis A, B and C? There are currently 5 viruses identified that specifically attack the liver and cause "viral hepatitis." But only the hepatitis B and C viruses can result in a "chronic" (or lifelong) infection that increases the risk of a person developing cirrhosis, liver failure or liver cancer.

Learn more:

https://www.hepb.org/what-ishepatitis-b/the-abcs-of-viralhepatitis/

#LiverCancer #hepatitisB #LearntheLink

If you or someone you love has recently been diagnosed with hepatitis B, you are not alone. In fact, nearly 1 in 3 people worldwide will be infected with the hepatitis B virus in their lifetime. If you have questions or concerns, the Hepatitis B Foundation is here to help.

Learn more: https://www.hepb.org/preventi on-and-diagnosis/newlydiagnosed/

#LiverCancer #hepatitisB #LearntheLink

What Is #HepatitisB? Hepatitis B is the most common serious liver infection in the world. It is caused by the hepatitis B virus that attacks and injures the liver, and if left unmanaged can lead to more serious liver disease, including liver cancer. Importantly, #HepB can be treated, prevented, and managed.

Learn more on our website: htps://www.hepb.org/what-ishepatitis-b/what-is-hepb/

#LiverCancer #hepatitisB #LearntheLink

MANAGEMENT



People living with chronic #hepatitisB should expect to live a long and healthy life. There are decisions you can make to protect your liver and your health.

Check out these healthy liver tips here:

https://www.hepb.org/treatment-and-management/adults-



If you or someone you love has recently been diagnosed with #hepatitisB, you are not alone. In fact, nearly 1 in 3 people worldwide will be infected with the hepatitis B virus in their lifetime. If you have questions or concerns, the Hepatitis B Foundation is here to help.

Learn more:



If you tested positive for #hepatitisB, the first step to managing your health is to visit your doctor. During a physical exam, your health care provider will ask about your symptoms and any risk factors that you may have for liver cancer. [exclude for Twitter: They will also check your belly or abdomen and your skin and



with-hepatitis-b/healthy-liver-tips/

#HealthyLiver #hepB #ManagementTips https://www.hepb.org/prevention-and-diagnosis/newly-diagnosed/

#HealthyLiver #hepB #ManagementTips eyes to look for signs of jaundice.]

Learn how to prepare for your appointment here:

https://www.hepb.org/research -andprograms/liver/talking-toyour-health-careteam/

#HealthyLiver #hepB #ManagementTips



Claims that there are herbal remedies that can "cure" hepatitis B are false. These can even end up

damaging your liver.

There is no cure for hepatitis
B at this time.

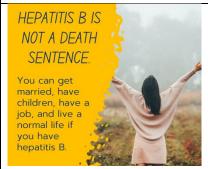
There are good tested and proven treatments that can help manage it and keep people healthy.

Fact Check: Herbal remedies do not cure #hepatitisB. Although there is no cure, there are approved drugs for both adults and children that control the hepatitis B virus and help reduce the risk of developing more serious liver disease.

Learn about treatment options here:

https://www.hepb.org/research -and-programs/liver/talking-toyour-health-care-team/

#HealthyLiver #hepB #ManagementTips

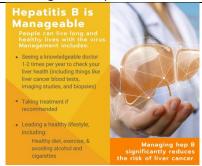


Around the world, many people with chronic #hepatitisB face discrimination.

If you are faced with discrimination due to hepatitis B, please share your experience anonymously and confidentially through our Discrimination Survey:

https://www.surveymonkey.co m/r/hepbdiscrimination

#HealthyLiver #hepB #ManagementTips



If you tested positive for #hepatitisB, the first step to managing your health is to visit your doctor. To prepare for your visit, take a look at the to-do-list on our website:

https://www.hepb.org/treatme nt-and-management/adultswith-hepatitis-b/visiting-yourdoctor/

#HealthyLiver #hepB #ManagementTips

PREVENTION





There is a vaccine that protects against hepatitis B. It should be given to all babies at birth, especially babies born to moms living with hepatitis B.

It takes only a few shots to protect yourself and your loved ones against #hepatitisB for a lifetime. The hepatitis B vaccine is a safe and effective vaccine that is recommended for all infants at birth, for children up to 18 years, for all adults ages 19-59, and for adults age 60+ at high risk for hepatitis B.

Learn more:

https://www.hepb.org/preventi
on-and-diagnosis/vaccination/

#GetVaxed4HepB



People who find out they have hepatitis B can also keep their families healthy by encouraging them to get tested for and vaccinated against hepatitis B

The best way to ensure that your family and loved ones are protected against hepatitis B is to encourage them to get tested and vaccinated against #hepB.

Learn more about the safe and effective hepatitis B vaccination here:

https://www.hepb.org/prevention-and-diagnosis/vaccination/

#GetVaxed4HepB

If you test negative for hepatitis B and are found to not be protected, it is recommended that you receive the vaccine to make sure you are protected.

After you receive the vaccine, i is a good idea to get tested again to make sure you are immune 1-2 months later.

If you are immune then (and 90% of people are) you don't have to worry about getting screened again!



Every person may be at some risk for a hepatitis B infection during their lifetime, so all people should consider getting the hepatitis B vaccine. After just a few shots, you and your loved ones are protected from the virus for a lifetime!

Learn more about #hepB vaccine recommendations here:

https://www.hepb.org/prevention-and-diagnosis/vaccination/

#GetVaxed4HepB



The hepatitis B vaccine is also known as the first "anti-cancer" vaccine because it prevents hepatitis B, the leading cause of liver cancer worldwide.

Learn about #hepB vaccine recommendations here:



https://www.hepb.org/prevention-and-diagnosis/vaccination/	
#GetVaxed4HepB	

SYMPTOMS



Hepatitis B is a "silent epidemic" because most people do not have symptoms when they are newly infected or living with the virus. Thus, they can unknowingly spread the virus to others and continue the silent spread of hepatitis B.

Testing is the only way to know for sure if you have the virus.

#GetTested4HepB



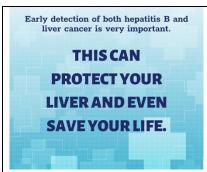
Hepatitis B is called a "silent infection" because most people do not have any symptoms when they are first infected. Testing is the only way to know for sure if you are living with the virus.

Learn more about common #hepB symptoms here: https://www.hepb.org/what-is-hepatitis-b/what-is-hepb/symptoms/

#GetTested4HepB

TESTING





People living with chronic hepatitis B infections should be regularly screened for liver cancer to allow for early detection.

Discover more about the significance of screening here: https://www.hepb.org/research-and-programs/liver/screening-for-liver-cancer/

#hepatitisB #HealthyLiver #GetTested4HepB



Hepatitis B testing is available from many sources throughout the United States. Our Hep B United [@hepbunited] partners provide testing in cities throughout the U.S.

Visit

https://hepbunited.org/localca mpaigns to learn more about local coalitions near you and upcoming screenings.

#GetTested4HepB

#hepatitisB #HealthyLiver #GetTested4HepB



Testing will not only benefit you but also your family and children you may have in the future. Get tested for #hepatitisB today!

Learn more:

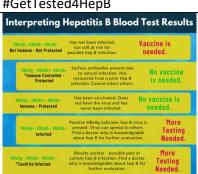
https://www.hepb.org/prevention-and-diagnosis/diagnosis/

#GetTested4HepB



There is a simple hepatitis B blood test that your doctor or health clinic can order called the "Hepatitis B Panel."

Visit our website to browse commonly asked questions about #HepatitisB testing:



The hepatitis B blood test requires only one sample of blood, and your health care provider should order the "Hepatitis B Panel," which includes three parts. You and your health care provider will need to know all three test results in order to fully



Hepatitis B is diagnosed with a simple blood test that can be done at your doctor's office or local health clinic.

The U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention [@CDC] offers a list of testing centers: https://gettested.cdc.gov/



https://www.hepb.org/prevention-and-diagnosis/diagnosis/

#hepatitisB #GetTested4HepB

understand whether you are infected, protected or still at risk for a hepatitis B infection.

Read more about interpreting the hepatitis B blood test results here:

https://www.hepb.org/preventi on-anddiagnosis/diagnosis/understand

ing-your-test-results/

#hepatitisB #GetTested4HepB

TRANSMISSION



The hepatitis B virus is transmitted through blood and bodily fluids. If you are unvaccinated or unsure of your hepatitis B status, and are exposed to the hepatitis B virus through direct contact with infected blood, a timely "postexposure prophylaxis" (PEP) can prevent an infection.

Learn more here:

https://www.hepb.org/preventi on-and-diagnosis/postexposure-treatment/

#hepatitisB #HBV



The hepatitis B virus is transmitted through blood and bodily fluids. All sexual partners, family and close household members living with a chronically infected person should be tested and vaccinated for #hepB.

Learn more:

https://www.hepb.org/prevention-and-diagnosis/transmission/

#hepatitisB #HBV



Hepatitis B is NOT transmitted casually. It cannot be spread through toilet seats, doorknobs, sneezing, coughing, hugging or eating meals with someone who is living with hepatitis B.

Learn more:

https://www.hepb.org/prevention-and-diagnosis/transmission/

#hepatitisB #HBV





Hepatitis B is the most common risk factor for liver cancer globally. Early-stage liver cancer often does not cause symptoms, which is why regular screening is so important for early detection.

Learn more here: https://www.hepb.org/research -and-programs/liver/symptomsof-liver-cancer/

#hepatitisB #HBV



Hepatitis B is most commonly passed from mother to child during childbirth, when pregnant women do not know that they are living with the virus.

Babies do not have immune systems that are strong enough to fight the virus, so they will often develop a chronic lifelong infection.

Even though it is often transmitted during childbirth, hepatitis B is NOT a genetic disease that runs in families

Babies born to a mother with hepatitis B have a greater than 90% chance of developing chronic hepatitis B if they are not properly treated at birth.

If you are pregnant while living with #hepB, learn which steps to take on our website: https://www.hepb.org/treatmentand-management/pregnancy-and-hbv/

#hepatitisB #HBV



Unlike hepatitis B, liver cancer is not contagious, meaning liver cancer cannot spread from one person to another. However, those with hepatitis B should be regularly screened for liver cancer.

Read more about screening for liver cancer here: https://www.hepb.org/research -and-programs/liver/screening-for-liver-cancer/who-should-bescreened/



All sexual partners, family and close household members living with a person chronically infected with hepatitis B should be tested and vaccinated. It is important to remember that hepatitis B is not spread casually! It is not spread by coughing, sneezing, hugging, cooking and sharing food. It is



spread through direct contact with infected blood and bodily	
fluids.	
Learn more about prevention	
here:	
https://www.hepb.org/preventi	
on-and-diagnosis/prevention-	
tips/	
#hepatitisB	