BINFORMED No. 68

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50 years

Celebrating the 50th Anniversary of the Hepatitis B Virus Discovery



the hepatitis B virus, with **Dr. W. Thomas London** (left of Blumberg) and their research team at Fox Chase Cancer Center in Philadelphia. (Photo taken in the 1960's)

This year marks the 50th anniversary of the scientific paper that first identified the "Australia antigen," which was later shown to be the hepatitis B virus.

Should we be celebrating?

"Yes and no," according to **Timothy Block, PhD**, president and co-founder of the Hepatitis B Foundation and its research arm, the Baruch S. Blumberg Institute. "There is no question that the discovery of HBV, its association with liver disease, and development of the HBV vaccine are recognized as being among the major scientific achievements of the 20th century."

The discovery of HBV and invention of the vaccine have literally saved hundreds of millions of lives. Indeed, for these discoveries, **Baruch S. Blumberg, MD, DPhil**, was awarded the Nobel Prize in 1976.

During the early 1960s, Blumberg and colleagues were searching for genetic polymorphisms by analyzing blood proteins from individuals of diverse geographic

origins, including aboriginal people from Australia. The designation "Australia antigen" (Au) was used in the first paper to report this finding (*Blumberg, Alter, Visnich, JAMA 1965*).

The association of Au with chronic hepatitis was first suggested in 1966 in a study of patients with Down's syndrome. This prompted **W. Thomas London, MD**, and others working with Blumberg to analyze the serum of many more patients with acute, resolved and persistent hepatitis.

In 1967, Blumberg and London published a paper that linked Au with hepatitis infection and later developed an assay to detect its presence in the blood. The association of Australia antigen with both acute and chronic hepatitis was eventually firmly established.

Even before complete acceptance that HBV was the cause of "serum hepatitis," **Harvey Alter, MD**, and his colleagues at the National Institutes of Health led the call to test all blood to be used for transfusions for the presence of Au.

Testing the national blood supply was an important translation of basic scientific findings into an enormously useful clinical application in an unprecedented short amount of time. Transfusion-associated hepatitis declined more than 70% in a matter of a few years.

But then, advances in hepatitis B research stalled. The safe blood supply and an effective vaccine made it less urgent that a cure be found.

Continued on page 3



Cause for a Cure

The Hepatitis B Foundation is a national nonprofit organization dedicated to finding a cure and improving the quality of life for those affected by hepatitis B worldwide through research, education and patient advocacy.

From the Editor's Desk

First World Hepatitis Summit Focuses on Elimination



Joan M. Block, Co-Founder and Executive Director

The mood was euphoric. It was a love fest, actually. More than 600 policy makers, public health experts, and representatives from nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) and patient advocacy groups from 80 countries, including the Hepatitis B Foundation, were invited to participate in the first World Hepatitis Summit during September 2-5 in Glasgow, Scotland, hosted by the World Hepatitis Alliance in partnership with the World Health Organization (WHO).

The message was serious. Hepatitis B and C kill more people each year than HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis combined, and together the two viruses represent the seventh-leading cause of death worldwide. Yet, viral hepatitis as a global health concern, which results in 1.5 million deaths annually, remains mostly invisible and under-funded.

But the focus at the summit was on raising awareness and solving the problem. This wasn't a pity party. Rather, the WHO unveiled its ambitious global plan to eliminate viral hepatitis by 2030 based on their assessment that elimination is a feasible goal.

Given that the policy-makers in attendance and the NGO and patient advocacy representatives were in agreement that more can and must be done to address the viral hepatitis pandemic, the WHO plan was an inspiring light at the end of a long tunnel.

Many speakers emphasized a key message driving the summit - that action is much cheaper than inaction. The high economic cost of illness and premature deaths caused by viral hepatitis would be greatly reduced if more effective immunization, screening and treatment programs were available.

Without aggressive intervention, the WHO estimates there will be 20 million needless deaths around the world from viral hepatitis over the next 15 years.

In addition, addressing the global problem of viral hepatitis is more than just a public health concern. It's also a human rights issue.



Patient advocacy representatives from North America, including the Hepatitis B Foundation, and Central and South America invited to the first World Hepatitis Summit in Glasgow, Scotland. (Sept. 2-5, 2015)

Individuals don't want to get tested for HBV or HCV because they can lose educational and career opportunities, lose their jobs (see page 7) and their loved ones. If one is afraid to access necessary health care, then a basic human right is being violated. As a result, stigma and discrimination must be addressed in any global planning for the elimination of viral hepatitis.

Editor's Message continued on page 8

Please give generously to our 2015 Annual Fund!

and patient advocacy programs. Thank you in advance for your support



HEPATITIS B FOUNDATION

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The Hepatitis B Foundation is a national nonprofit organization dedicated to finding a cure and improving the quality of life for those affected by hepatitis B worldwide through research, education and patient advocacy.

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*Baruch S. Blumberg, MD, DPhil (1992-2011) HBF Co-Founder & Distinguished Scientist

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50th Anniversary of HBV Discovery

...continued from Front Page

The fortuitous, albeit important, discovery that interferon and oral antivirals in the management of HIV could be used to manage HBV made the U.S. and the western world even more complacent.

The search for a cure for hepatitis B lost momentum.

The hepatitis C virus (HCV) was then discovered in 1989 and the nation became panicked. The already limited funding for hepatitis research was redirected toward the new virus. Now, within just 25 years of its discovery, HCV is essentially curable.

But what about hepatitis B? It is still not cured by current therapies.

Renewed Momentum

Finally, after a decade of limited interest in HBV science, the momentum around hepatitis B is growing. Perhaps because researchers are now shifting their focus from HCV or perhaps because Asia — where HBV is most prevalent — is growing in wealth, a renewed interest in a cure for chronic HBV infection has never been greater.

For example, just a couple of year ago only 50 people showed up for the Special Interest Group (SIG) on hepatitis B at the American Association for the Study of Liver Diseases meeting. Last year, more

"We are very optimistic our time has come, and we will be seeing revolutionary new therapies for hepatitis B within the next few years." — Dr. Timothy Block, president and co-founder, Hepatitis B Foundation and the Baruch S. Blumberg Institute

than 500 people attended the SIG to hear about the research pipeline for new HBV experimental therapies!

"With that quantity, and, frankly, quality of interest, we are very optimistic our time has come, and we will be seeing revolutionary new therapies for hepatitis B within the next few years," Block predicts.

Fortunately, there is now a new wave of HBV antiviral strategies coming through the research pipeline. There are many other steps in the virus life cycle that can be targeted for potential drug intervention. Some of these are viral functions and, of course, some involve the immune system.

So that brings us back to the original question. Yes, we should be celebrating the 50th anniversary of the discovery of HBV and can now look forward with growing confidence to celebrating the cure. Hopefully, we are beginning to write the next and perhaps final chapter in the history of the hepatitis B virus.

Key Advances in the Hepatitis B Story

1965: Australia antigen (Au) detected by B. Blumberg

1967: Au identified as causing clinical "hepatitis" by Blumberg & WT London

1972: Blumberg invents serum-based HBV vaccine

1980: Merck develops recombinant HBV vaccine

1991: Interferon alpha is 1st approved drug for HBV Hepatitis B Foundation established

1998: Lamivudine is 1st approved oral drug for HBV

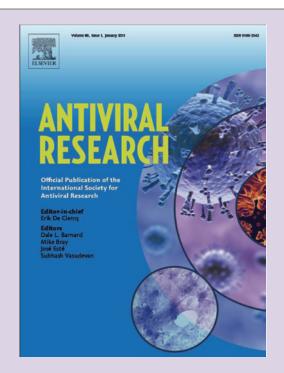
2002-2008: Five more drugs approved for HBV

2010: Institute of Medicine report on Hepatitis and Liver Cancer

2011: U.S. Dept. of HHS National Viral Hepatitis Action Plan

2013: HBV protected under Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

2015: WHO Global Hepatitis Plan calls for elimination by 2030



Hepatitis B: A Wave of New Therapies on the Horizon

o mark the 50th anniversary of the discovery of the hepatitis B virus, the *Journal of Antiviral Research* has compiled an *HBV Symposium* – a special collection of articles – organized by **Drs. Timothy Block, Jinhong Chang and Ju-Tao Guo of the Baruch S. Blumberg Institute**, which was established by the Hepatitis B Foundation to fulfill its research mission.

Although much has been accomplished over the past five decades, current antiviral therapies for chronic hepatitis B achieve sustained clearance of infection in only a minority of patients. Recent success in using combinations of drugs to cure almost all cases of chronic hepatitis C has stimulated interest in a similar approach to curing chronic hepatitis B.

Papers in the HBV symposium review the history, science and current management of hepatitis B, and describe a wave of newly identified drug targets, investigational compounds and experimental strategies that are under clinical evaluation or in preclinical development.

Articles in the symposium are available for free download on the website of *Antiviral Research*, the official publication of the International Society for Antiviral Research at www.journals.elsevier.com/antiviral-research/symposia/symposium-hepatitis-b.



FALL 2015 HBV Compounds in Development www.hepb.org/drugwatch

| | | www.nepb.org/ar | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|------------------------|--|
| FAMILY/DRUG NAME | MECHANISM | COMPANY | WEBSITE | STATUS, USA |
| | ccurring infection-fighting immur | ne substances produced in the body | | |
| Intron A (Interferon alfa-2b) | Immunomodulator | Merck, Whitehouse Station, NJ | merck.com | FDA Approved 1991 |
| Pegasys (PegInterferon alfa-2a) | Immunomodulator | Genentech, South San Francisco, CA | gene.com | FDA Approved 2005 |
| NUCLEOSIDE ANALOGUES Interf | ere with the viral DNA polymeras | e enzyme used for hepatitis B virus reproduction | | |
| Epivir-HBV (Lamivudine) | Inhibits viral DNA polymerase | GlaxoSmithKline, Phila., PA | gsk.com | FDA Approved 1998 |
| Hepsera (Adefovir Dipivoxil) | Inhibits viral DNA polymerase | Gilead Sciences, Foster City, CA | gilead.com | FDA Approved 2002 |
| Baraclude (Entecavir) | Inhibits viral DNA polymerase | Bristol-Myers Squibb, Princeton, NJ | bms.com | FDA Approved 2005 |
| Tyzeka (Telbivudine) | Inhibits viral DNA polymerase | Novartis, Switzerland | novartis.com | FDA Approved 2006 |
| Viread (Tenofovir) | Inhibits viral DNA polymerase | Gilead Sciences, Foster City, CA | gilead.com | FDA Approved 2008 |
| Clevudine (L-FMAU) | Inhibits viral DNA polymerase | Bukwang, South Korea Eisai, Japan | bukwang.co.kr | Approved in S. Korea 2006 (Levovir) |
| Tenofovir alafenamide (TAF) | Prodrug of tenofovir | Gilead Sciences, Foster City, CA | gilead.com | Phase III |
| CMX157 | Prodrug of tenofovir | ContraVir Pharmaceuticals, Edison, NJ | contravir.com | Phase II |
| AGX-1009 | Prodrug of tenofovir | Cinkate Pharma, China (licensed from Agenix) | cinkate.com | Phase I, China |
| NON-NUCLEOSIDE ANTIVIRALS | Interfere with proteins involved in | n viral reproduction | | |
| Myrcludex B | Entry inhibitor | Hepatera, Russia with Myr-GmbH, Germany | hepatera.ru | Phase II for HBV & HDV |
| ARC520 | RNAi gene silencer | Arrowhead Research, Pasadena, CA | arrowheadresearch.com | Phase II/III |
| NVR 3-778 | Capsid inhibitor | Novira Therapeutics, Doylestown, PA | noviratherapeutics.com | Phase IIa |
| Morphothiadine mesilate (GLS4) | Capsid inhibitor | Sunshine Lake Pharma of HEC Pharma, China | hecpharm.com | Phase II |
| ISIS-HBVRx | Antisense drug | ISIS Pharma (with GSK), Carlsbad, CA | Isispharm.com | Phase II |
| SB 9200 HBV | Small molecule nucleic acid hybrids or "SMNH" | Spring Bank Pharma, Milford, MA | springbankpharm.com | Phase II |
| Rep 2139-Ca | HBsAg release inhibitor | REPLICor Inc., Montreal, Canada | replicor.com | Phase II |
| Birinapant (TL32711) | SMAC inhibitor | TetraLogic, Malvern, PA | tetralogicpharma.com | Phase I/IIa |
| Bay 41-4109 | Capsid inhibitor | AiCuris, Germany | aicuris.com | Phase I |
| TKM-HBV | RNAi gene silencer | Arbutus Biopharma (formerly Tekmira), Canada | arbutusbio.com | Phase I |
| Alinia (Nitazoxanide) | Small molecule | Romark Labs, Tampa, FL | romark.com | Preclinical |
| ALN-HBV | RNAi gene silencer | Alnylam, Cambridge, MA | alnylam.com | Preclinical |
| CpAMS | HBV Core Protein | Assembly Biosciences, New York, NY | assemblybio.com | Preclinical |
| 0CB-030 | Cyclophilin inhibitor | Arbutus Biopharma (formerly Tekmira), Canada | arbutusbio.com | Preclinical |
| CPI-431-32 | Cyclophilin inhibitor | Ciclofilin Pharma, San Diego, CA | ciclofilin.com | Preclinical |
| Hepbarna | RNAi gene silencing | Benitec, Australia | benitec.com | Preclinical |
| NON-INTERFERON IMMUNE EN | HANCERS Boost T-cell infection-f | ighting immune cells and natural interferon producti | ion | |
| ABX 203 | Therapeutic vaccine | ABIVAX, France | abivax.com | Phase IIb/III |
| GS-4774 | Therapeutic vaccine | Gilead Sciences with Globelmmune, Louisville, CO | gilead.com | Phase II |
| GS-9620 | TLR-7 agonist | Gilead Sciences, Foster City, CA | gilead.com | Phase II |
| RG7795 (formerly ANA773) | TLR7 agonist | Roche, Switzerland | roche.com | Pase II |
| CYT107 (Interleukin-7) | Immunomodulator | Cytheris, France | cytheris.com | Phase I/IIa |
| INO-1800 | Therapeutic vaccine | Inovio, Blue Bell, PA | inovio.com | Phase I |
| NCT01641536 | Therapeutic vaccine | Ichor Medical Systems (with Janssen), San Diego, CA | ichorms.com | Phase I |
| TG 1050 | Immunotherapeutic | Transgene, France | transgene.fr | Phase I |
| CYT-003 | TLR9 agonist | Arbutus Biopharma (formerly Tekmira), Canada | arbutusbio.com | Preclinical |
| Hepatitis Delta Virus (HDV) Dru | | | | |
| Myrcludex B | Prenylation inhibitor | Hepatera, Russia with Myr-GmbH, Germany | hepatera.ru | "Orphan Drug" status approved in U.S. and Europe for HDV |
| Lonafarnib | Prenylation inhibitor | Eiger BioPharmaceuticals, Palo Alto, CA | eigerbio.com | Phase II for HDV |
| Rep 2139-ca | HBsAg release inhibitor | REPLICor, Canada | replicor.com | Phase II for HDV |
| | | | | |

Thank you to Timothy Block, PhD (HBF President), Brent Korba, PhD (Georgetown U) and Raymond Schinazi, PhD (Emory U and RFS Pharma) for their regular review of the HBF Drug Watch.

For More Information... ■ HBV Clinical Trials hepb.org/clinicaltrials

- Resource Round-Up hepb.org/resources
- Liver Cancer Drug Watch livercancerconnect.org
- HBV Info & Support List (adults) HBList.net
- HBV Adoption List (parents) groups.yahoo.com/group/hbv-adoption/info

uring a special ceremony on October 1st, the Baruch S. Blumberg Institute, established by the Hepatitis B Foundation to fulfill its research mission, announced the creation of the W. Thomas London Distinguished Professorship in recognition of Dr. London's transformational contributions to the discovery of the hepatitis B virus and his unwavering commitment to the elimination of this devastating liver disease, which kills almost one million people each year.



Dr. W. Thomas London (left) celebrates the new W. Thomas London Distinguished Professorship, which was established to honor his transformative contributions to the discovery of the hepatitis B virus, with Dr. Ju Tao Guo (right) of the Blumberg Institute who is the inaugural recipient of the new professorship (Oct. 1, 2015).

HBF Forefront Baruch S. Blumberg Institute Honors W. Thomas London, MD, at the Forefront With Named Distinguished Professorabin with Named Distinguished Professorship

"For more than half a century, Dr. London has represented the very best in a doctor and scientist - sincere compassion and outstanding research to advance the cause of and cure for hepatitis B," said Dr. Timothy Block, president and co-founder of the Baruch S. Blumberg Institute and the Hepatitis B Foundation.

"The W. Thomas London Distinguished Professorship is imbued from the outset with a legacy of scientific integrity and achievement that will inspire the occupants of this professorial chair for generations to come."

In 1966, Dr. London left the National Institutes of Health to join Dr. Baruch S. **Blumberg** at the Fox Chase Cancer Center in Philadelphia, PA. His long-term collaboration with Dr. Blumberg, who won the Nobel Prize for his discovery of the hepatitis B virus, led to breakthrough epidemiological, clinical, and virological studies of hepatitis B and its link to primary liver cancer (hepatocellular carcinoma).

Dr. London was the first to report the association of what was then called the 'Australia antigen' with acute hepatitis,

and then, together with colleagues, the association with chronic hepatitis. The Australia antigen was named the 'hepatitis B virus' since there was already a hepatitis A virus. He showed that chronic hepatitis B infections were endemic among patients in hemodialysis units, while staff that became infected developed acute hepatitis. This was the first demonstration of the role of the immune system in determining the type of hepatitis a person developed.

In 2009, Dr. London retired from Fox Chase after having served as a senior member of the Division of Population Science, director of the Liver Cancer Prevention Center, and chairman of the Institutional Review Board. He currently serves as vice-president of the Board of Directors for both the Hepatitis B Foundation and the Blumberg Institute.

Dr. London is a graduate of Oberlin College and Cornell University Medical College. He received his clinical training in Internal Medicine at Bellevue Hospital and the Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center in New York City.

Dr. Ju Tao Guo Named First W. Thomas London Distinguished Professor



he inaugural recipient of the *W. Thomas* London Distinguished Professor is Ju-Tao **Guo**, **MD**, director of Experimental Therapeutics at the Baruch S. Blumberg Institute.

Dr. Guo is a leader in the field of hepatitis B research and worked closely with Dr. London

and other leading hepatitis scientists at the Fox Chase Cancer Center before joining the Blumberg Institute. Dr. Guo has been conducting antiviral research and studying the molecular pathogenesis of hepatitis viruses, flaviviruses and human coronaviruses for more than 30 years.

"The selection committee had a list of highly distinguished candidates," Block said. "Dr. Guo was at the top of that list, and we are proud to name him as the first to hold the London professorship and continue the legacy of scientific achievement established by Drs. London and Blumberg."

Dr. Guo is working on innovative therapeutic strategies for hepatitis B with the goal of finding a cure. He received his medical training at Lanzhou University School of Medicine in China and postdoctoral training with Dr. Christoph Seeger at Fox Chase Cancer Center in Philadelphia.

We invite readers to make a donation to the W. Thomas London Distinguished Professorship to honor Dr. London, an internationally renowned physician-scientist whose work has saved hundreds of millions of lives from hepatitis B. A secure donation can be made at www.hepb.org. Thank you!

A Woman for All Seasons HBF Associate Executive Director Peggy Farley Retires



he Hepatitis B Foundation salutes **Peggy Farley, MBA**, who is retiring after almost 12 years with the organization. She started as Outreach Coordinator and is leaving as Associate Executive Director. During her tenure marked by outstanding accomplishments, Peggy helped build awareness about the organization and

hepatitis B, managed the comprehensive outreach and education programs, and coordinated its national and international meetings.

Under her leadership for the past 7 years, the International HBV Meeting, which brings hundreds of scientists together from around the world to North America, Europe and Asia on a rotating basis, has developed into a very successful, professionally run conference that is growing in numbers each year.

Most importantly, Peggy's lasting legacy will be her 'high-touch' approach to fulfilling the mission of the HBF. She cared deeply for the patients and families that are served and for the colleagues she managed and worked with. Peggy will be greatly missed by everyone who had the privilege of working with her and by the families whose lives were forever touched by her. Best wishes to an amazing woman as she enjoys the next season in her life!

HBF Forefront

3rd Annual *Hep B United* National Summit Convenes in DC

Local coalition leaders also honored as Hep B Champions



More than 60 Hep B United coalition members met at its 3rd Annual National Summit. (July 2015)

on July 26-28, 2015, *Hep B United* met in Washington, DC, for its third annual summit. "It is incredible to see how the coalition has grown in just a year," exclaimed **Kate Moraras, MPH**, senior program director of HBF and director of *Hep B United*, the national coalition founded by the Hepatitis B Foundation and the Association of Asian Pacific Community Health Organizations (AAPCHO).

This summit is the largest assembly of hepatitis B community coalition leaders from across the country with over 60 participants in attendance from 31 member coalitions and national organizations that focused on ways to prevent and eradicate hepatitis B in the United States.

From storytelling techniques such as the #justB campaign initiated by AAPCHO, to the power of data collection and coalition building, Hep B United members examined current strategies to eliminate hepatitis B and discussed future innovative practices. The issue of combating hepatitis B from more than a public health perspective to including a social justice framework was raised as a new paradigm for confronting hepatitis-B related stigma and discrimination.

Throughout the meeting, participants discussed, "What is the future of community-based hepatitis B screening? How can we complement and better integrate routine screening into health care systems?" They considered how to educate providers about the new USPSTF hepatitis B screening recommendations, and evaluated the role of patient navigators for linking patients to appropriate medical care.

Panel discussions with federal partners
- HHS, US Office
of Minority Health,
Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention
(CDC), and the White
House Initiative on
Asian Americans and
Pacific Islanders provided opportunities
to hear updates about
agency programs and
their hepatitis B-related
priorities.



Dr. Jonathan Mermin (*left*), director of CDC NCHHSTP, with **Joan Block**, HBF executive director and co-chair of *Hep B United*, at the coalition summit.

CDC leaders affirmed their commitment to the importance of HBV screening and linkage to care. **Dr. Jonathan Mermin**, director of the CDC National Center for HIV/AIDS, Hepatitis, STDs and TB Prevention (NCHHSTP), emphasized that "With limited resources, the most important thing we can do is to make sure everyone with hepatitis B is diagnosed." Strengthening hepatitis surveillance at the state level and updating perinatal HBV recommendations to include management of infected moms was discussed by **Dr. John Ward**, director, CDC Division of Viral Hepatitis.

In addition, **Dr. Cynthia Jorgensen**, CDC lead for education and training at the Division of Viral Hepatitis, presented new resources from the *Know Hepatitis B* campaign, co-branded with *Hep B United*, during the summit.

A special highlight this year was a ceremony to honor four leaders with Hep B United's inaugural Hep B Champion Awards in recognition of their creative

strategies to decrease the burden of hepatitis B in their local communities. The awardees were **Thaddeus Pham**, viral hepatitis prevention coordinator for the Hawaii Department of Health in Honolulu; **Dr. Binh Tran**, executive director of the Asian Pacific Health Foundation in San Diego, CA; the **Dallas-Fort Worth Hepatitis B Project** in Dallas, TX, led by medical students and represented by **Mike Zhang**, and; **Nirah Johnson**, director of the Hep B NYC Coalition.

Overall the *Hep B United* summit was an exhilarating few days for relationship building, reviewing progress, brainstorming



Hep B United's inaugural Hep B Champion Awards were presented by Dr. Cynthia Jorgensen, CDC (2nd from left), to Dr. Binh Tran (far left), Thaddeus Pham, Nirah Johnson and Mike Zhang during the summit.

new solutions, and looking forward to increasing the collective impact on shaping community-based programs and improving national policies to successfully eliminate hepatitis B.

FREE LIVER CANCER WEBINARS

The webinars are offered in collaboration with Blue Faery: The Adrienne Wilson Liver Cancer Association.

Treatment Options for Liver Cancer

Robert G. Gish, MD, Professor Consultant, Stanford University, and Medical Director, Hepatitis B Foundatio

Clinical Trials in Liver Cancer

Jill McNair, The Center for Information and Study on Clinical Research Participation (CISCRP), and Kate Levy, BS, Johns Hopkins Gastroenterology & Hepatology

Support Services for Families Facing Liver Cancer *Karla Pillote, MSN, CANP,* Johns Hopkins

Gastroenterology & Fiepatology

Andrea Wilson, MPW, Blue Faery: The Adrienne Wilson

Liver Cancer Association

LIVER CANCER

SPEAKING PERSONALLY

"There is no cure — you will have it for life."

By Buena O. Bariring

I'm a 31-year-old Filipino woman and I lost my job six years ago because of my hepatitis B infection. I will never forget that day. The clinic nurse said, "You are not fit to work in this company because you are hepatitis B positive."

I had never had health problems, and at that time I had absolutely no clue about hepatitis B.

I had to keep working because my parents were counting on me. I asked her how I could get well. The nurse said: "There is no cure; you will have it for life."

I was devastated. I had no control over a situation I could not even understand. I had quit college at age 18 to help support my family. But now not only was I unable to study, I also was no longer employable. Almost all companies ask for a hepatitis B test. Where would I go? No one would hire me.

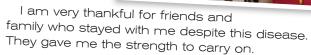
The chance of work was taken away from me, along with the chance to dream.

When you are poor, your dreams are simple – to get a decent job that will support your family's basic needs.

I was denied this because I was hepatitis B positive. I tried to live a normal life because I did not want to upset my parents, but deep inside I was fighting the greatest battle of my life.

For 13 years I carried that burden. I spent days thinking about nothing else but my disease and fighting the depression. My doctor told me that I should not get married because I would infect my child. So I chose to live my life alone. My doctor never told me about the vaccine!

I realized that even if there was a cure, I would not be able to afford it, since I had no job. I cried every night and thought of ending my life. How would I explain my situation to others without being shunned or pitied? Gossip travels fast. I did not have anyone to talk to. These things hurt me.



I felt so blessed when I met the Yellow Warriors Society of the Philippines [a nonprofit organization for HBV and HCV patients in the Philippines]. Through them I gained a different outlook and was able to move on. I began to have faith in myself and my abilities.

I started my own handicrafts business, making bags, slippers, and other products from water hyacinth. I have 50 people working under me, mostly out-of-school youth and women. I am happy that I am able to give them an alternative livelihood. I know what it feels like to have no opportunities.

I hope to share my success story with other hepatitis B patients.

It took me 13 long years of self-pity and anger to accept this disease that came from an unknown cause and with no known cure. Our government has no systems or programs for hepatitis B carriers like me. We have no access to jobs, information or education about our disease and no access to appropriate doctors and treatment.

The system must change, so that no other Filipino will live a wasted life or live in hiding because of the stigma associated with hepatitis B. Now is the time for hope and change.

Story courtesy of the Hep B Aware campaign of the Hepatology Society of the Philippines and Yellow Warriors Society of the Philippines.



Giving hope to millions is as easy as giving ... and we've made it easier.

Make a secure donation online at www.hepb.org

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NONPROFIT ORG

World Hepatitis Summit Focuses on Elimination Continued from page 2

During the first World Hepatitis summit, leaders from the WHO leaders unveiled a draft global hepatitis plan, the first of its kind, with twin goals to reduce chronic viral hepatitis cases by 90%, and to reduce deaths from viral hepatitis by 65%.

These are ambitious but technically possible goals if countries make the commitment and investment! The WHO global hepatitis plan includes the following by 2030:

- Immunize everyone at risk for hepatitis B, including all newborns
- Promote safe and sterile injection practices by healthcare providers
- Treat at least 8 million people living with chronic infections; that is, 5 million with HBV and 3 million with HCV

The global hepatitis plan is supported by WHO's Director General Dr. Margaret Chan, who publicly promised to address viral hepatitis at next year's World Health Assembly, which will truly be historic.



Dr. Su Wang, the North America representative for the World Hepatitis Alliance, holds her baby who was all smiles because HBV treatment was included as a target in the WHO global hepatitis plan presented at the first World Hepatitis Summit. (Sept. 2-5, 2015)

"We're ready for a global hepatitis movement," said Charles Gore, president of the World Hepatitis Alliance. "We must shift our energies from promoting just one day of awareness -- World Hepatitis Day -- to creating awareness every day so that we can all live in a world without viral hepatitis."

With WHO taking a strong leadership position and launching its first global action plan, and more than 200 NGOs and patient advocacy groups around the world dedicated to eliminating viral hepatitis, there is hope that the global pressure will move policy-makers in highly affected countries to make the investment and finally take action to end viral hepatitis.



Oct. 4-8, 2015

30th Annual International HBV Meeting

Coordinated by Hepatitis B Foundation Dolce Bad Nauheim, Germany HBVMeeting.org

Nov. 13-17, 2015

AASLD: The Liver Meeting 2015

San Francisco, CA aasld.org

Dec. 6-10, 2015 HepDart 2015

Maui, Hawaii informedhorizons.com/hepdart2015

Feb. 20-24, 2016

APASL Conference

Tokyo, Japan apasl2016.org

April 8, 2016

25th Anniversary Crystal Ball

Hepatitis B Foundation Warrington, PA hepb.org

April 13-17, 2016

EASL: The International Liver

Congress

Barcelona, Spain ilc-congress.eu

May 19, 2016

National Hepatitis Testing Day

U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention cdc.gov/hepatitis

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